


THE 8 PARTS OF SPEECH

Part of Speech	Definition	Questions to Ask	Examples																																																							
Subject - NOUN	tells <u>who</u> and <u>what</u> the sentence is about Nouns name and label.	Who? What?	<u>Mary</u> went to the store. (WHO?) The <u>football</u> was kicked 40 yards. (WHAT?)																																																							
Predicate - VERB	the action of the sentence (Can be a <u>helping</u> or <u>linking</u> verb)	What did the subject do? What happened to the subject?	Mary <u>went</u> to the store. The football <u>was kicked</u> 40 yards.																																																							
Adjective	<u>describes</u> (modifies) a noun or pronoun	What kind? Which one? How much? How many?	<u>This</u> student brought a <u>new</u> book to class. <u>Six old</u> men were <u>break</u> dancing.																																																							
Adverb	modifies verbs to make the meaning more clear (usually ending in <u>ly</u> .)	How? When? Where? How often? To what extent?	I spoke <u>slowly</u> and <u>loudly</u> . (HOW?) <u>Later</u> that day, I called the police. (WHEN?) Bring the book <u>here</u> ! (WHERE?) She <u>frequently</u> attends concerts. (HOW OFTEN) I study <u>often</u> for exams. (TO WHAT EXTENT?)																																																							
Preposition	used with a noun or pronoun (called its object) to show the relationship between the noun or pronoun and some other word in the sentence. <div data-bbox="541 880 856 1026" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Study this list of frequently used prepositions: </div>																																																									
		<table border="0"> <tr> <td>about</td> <td>below</td> <td>for</td> <td>out</td> <td>under</td> </tr> <tr> <td>above</td> <td>beneath</td> <td>from</td> <td>outside</td> <td>until</td> </tr> <tr> <td>across</td> <td>beside</td> <td>in</td> <td>over</td> <td>up</td> </tr> <tr> <td>after</td> <td>between</td> <td>inside</td> <td>past</td> <td>upon</td> </tr> <tr> <td>against</td> <td>beyond</td> <td>into</td> <td>since</td> <td>with</td> </tr> <tr> <td>along</td> <td>but(except)</td> <td>like</td> <td>through</td> <td>within</td> </tr> <tr> <td>among</td> <td>by</td> <td>near</td> <td>to</td> <td>without</td> </tr> <tr> <td>around</td> <td>concerning</td> <td>of</td> <td>toward</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>at</td> <td>down</td> <td>off</td> <td>under</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>before</td> <td>during</td> <td>on</td> <td>until</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>behind</td> <td>except</td> <td>onto</td> <td>toward</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	about	below	for	out	under	above	beneath	from	outside	until	across	beside	in	over	up	after	between	inside	past	upon	against	beyond	into	since	with	along	but(except)	like	through	within	among	by	near	to	without	around	concerning	of	toward		at	down	off	under		before	during	on	until		behind	except	onto	toward		
about	below	for	out	under																																																						
above	beneath	from	outside	until																																																						
across	beside	in	over	up																																																						
after	between	inside	past	upon																																																						
against	beyond	into	since	with																																																						
along	but(except)	like	through	within																																																						
among	by	near	to	without																																																						
around	concerning	of	toward																																																							
at	down	off	under																																																							
before	during	on	until																																																							
behind	except	onto	toward																																																							
Prepositional Phrase	begins with a preposition and ends with a noun or a pronoun	most prepositions tell <u>where</u> or <u>time</u>	I lost the money <u>in the parking lot</u> . Hide the letter <u>under the bed</u> . <u>Before the movie</u> , let's go out for pizza.																																																							
Pronoun	<u>takes the place</u> of a noun	What word replaces the noun?	<u>This</u> is mine, but I will give <u>it</u> to you.																																																							
Interjection	shows <u>strong feeling</u>	Which words show emotion?	Ouch! Help! Hurray! Wow! Oops!																																																							
Conjunction	<u>joins</u> words or groups of words	Which words connect?	and, but, or, nor, for																																																							

